



P068. SEX BY INDUSTRY BY CLASS OF WORKER FOR THE EMPLOYED CIVILIAN POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER - Universe: EMPLOYED CIVILIAN POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER

Data Set: [2003 American Community Survey Summary Tables](#)

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE: Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

[« hide upper and lower bounds](#)

	Alaska		
	Estimate	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Total:	295,732	290,072	301,392
Male:	159,325	155,315	163,335
All industries except agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting and mining:	150,428	147,018	153,838
Private for-profit wage and salary workers:	88,760	83,569	93,951
Employee of private company	83,659	79,179	88,139
Self-employed in own INCORPORATED business	5,101	3,556	6,646
Private not-for-profit wage and salary workers	10,320	7,611	13,029
Local government workers	11,368	9,467	13,269
State government workers	12,581	10,087	15,075
Federal government workers	13,691	11,959	15,423
Self-employed in own NOT INCORPORATED business	13,225	11,620	14,830
Unpaid family workers	483	102	864
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting, and mining:	8,897	7,007	10,787
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting:	3,520	1,475	5,565
Private for-profit wage and salary workers:	1,887	32	3,742
Employee of private company	1,802	0	3,648
Self-employed in own INCORPORATED business	85	0	230
Private not-for-profit wage and salary workers	286	96	476
Local government workers	0	0	270
State government workers	118	8	228
Federal government workers	502	49	955
Self-employed in own NOT INCORPORATED business	727	364	1,090
Unpaid family workers	0	0	270
Mining:	5,377	4,314	6,440
Private for-profit wage and salary workers:	5,057	4,020	6,094
Employee of private company	5,024	3,980	6,068
Self-employed in own INCORPORATED business	33	0	90
Private not-for-profit wage and salary workers	0	0	270
Local government workers	0	0	270
State government workers	120	14	226
Federal government workers	0	0	270
Self-employed in own NOT INCORPORATED business	200	44	356
Unpaid family workers	0	0	270
Female:	136,407	132,595	140,219
All industries except agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting and mining:	133,733	129,694	137,772
Private for-profit wage and salary workers:	67,153	63,390	70,916
Employee of private company	64,137	60,291	67,983
Self-employed in own INCORPORATED business	3,016	2,327	3,705
Private not-for-profit wage and salary workers	16,157	14,504	17,810
Local government workers	17,940	15,170	20,710
State government workers	12,533	10,570	14,496
Federal government workers	9,140	7,615	10,665
Self-employed in own NOT INCORPORATED business	9,702	7,745	11,659
Unpaid family workers	1,108	645	1,571
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	2,674	1,756	3,592
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting:	1,805	941	2,669
Private for-profit wage and salary workers:	220	0	448

Employee of private company	151	0	347
Self-employed in own INCORPORATED business	69	0	182
Private not-for-profit wage and salary workers	105	3	207
Local government workers	174	95	253
State government workers	174	0	398
Federal government workers	885	84	1,686
Self-employed in own NOT INCORPORATED business	188	2	374
Unpaid family workers	59	0	158
Mining:	869	548	1,190
Private for-profit wage and salary workers:	869	548	1,190
Employee of private company	833	512	1,154
Self-employed in own INCORPORATED business	36	0	97
Private not-for-profit wage and salary workers	0	0	270
Local government workers	0	0	270
State government workers	0	0	270
Federal government workers	0	0	270
Self-employed in own NOT INCORPORATED business	0	0	270
Unpaid family workers	0	0	270

Notes

The 2003 American Community Survey universe is limited to the household population and excludes the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate is represented through the use of a confidence interval. The confidence interval computed here is a 90 percent confidence interval and can be interpreted roughly as providing 90 percent certainty that the true number falls between the lower and upper bounds.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002. However, the Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

1. An '*' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '***' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate.
4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
6. An '****' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
7. An '*****' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test is not appropriate.